

# ***AMiNi4W2/G***

## ***Compact control system with Ethernet interface***

Operation manual

*Version 1.01*



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## History of revisions

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| Revision | Date        | Changes  |
|----------|-------------|--|
| 100      | 23. 5. 2014 | New document   |
| 101      | 17. 9. 2014 | Pictures revision, related documentation and chapter 10.1. revision. |
|          |             |  |

## Related documentation

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1. DetStudio Development Environment Help
2. Application Note AP0004 – Communication in GSM/GPRS network  
file: ap0004\_en\_xx.pdf
3. Application Note AP0016 – Principles of using RS485 interface  
file: ap0016\_en\_xx.pdf
4. Application Note AP0017 – Counter inputs, counting of revolutions/pulses  
file: ap0017\_en\_xx.pdf
5. Application Note AP0033 – Alternative using of analogue inputs  
file: ap0033\_en\_xx.pdf
6. Application Note AP0037 – Principles of using Ethernet network  
file: ap0037\_en\_xx.pdf
7. Application Note AP0046 – Setting web server  
file: ap0046\_en\_xx.pdf
8. Application Note AP0050 – Project documentation for AMiT company products  
file: ap0050\_en\_xx.pdf

# 1. Introduction

---

**AMiNi4W2/G** is a small, compact control system built in plastic box.

- Basic features**
- 8 galvanically separated digital inputs
  - 8 galvanically separated digital outputs
  - 8 analogue inputs U / I / Ni1000 / Pt1000
  - 4 analogue outputs 0 V to 10 V
  - Internal GSM modem
  - RS485 serial interface with galvanic separation
  - Ethernet 10/100 Mbps interface
  - Integrated web server
  - Slot for SD card
  - DIN 35 mm rail mounting

## 2. Technical parameters

|            |                            |                                       |
|------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>CPU</b> | Procedural / Communication | ST10F269 / STM32F207                  |
|            | FLASH memory               | 256 KB + 2048 KB                      |
|            | RAM                        | 1024 KB                               |
|            | EEPROM                     | 2 KB                                  |
|            | RAM + RTC back-up          | Panasonic BR2477/CHCE Lithium battery |
|            | Battery lifetime           | 5 years                               |

|            |                         |                    |
|------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>RTC</b> | Type                    | RTC72423A          |
|            | Precision at 25 °C      | ±20 ppm            |
|            | Precision 0 °C to 50 °C | -40 ppm to +20 ppm |

|                |          |                    |
|----------------|----------|--------------------|
| <b>SD card</b> | Type     | Micro SD (HC)      |
|                | Capacity | 128 MB to 16 GB *) |

Note: \*) Micro SD card is not part of delivery.

|                       |                     |   |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---|
| <b>Digital inputs</b> | Quantity            | 8   |
|                       | Configuration       | 1 × 8   |
|                       | Common pole         | Minus   |
|                       | Type of input       | 24 V DC / 24 V AC   |
|                       | Logical 0           | Min. -30 V, max. 5 V  |
|                       | Logical 1           | Min. 16 V, max. 30 V  |
|                       | Input current       | 11 mA at 24 V DC  |
|                       | Input peak current  | Max. 16 mA at 30 V DC   |
|                       | Maximum frequency   | 60 kHz at 10 % duty cycle distortion<br>160 kHz at 30 % duty cycle distortion |
|                       | Galvanic separation | Yes, common with DO   |
|                       | Insulation strength | 300 V AC /1 minute *)   |
|                       | Connection point    | WAGO 231-309/102-000 connector  |
|                       | Wire cross section  | 0.08 mm <sup>2</sup> to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>                                   |

Note: \*) Insulation must not be used for dangerous voltage separation.

|                        |   |                                |
|------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| <b>Digital outputs</b> | Number of outputs                           | 8                              |
|                        | Configuration                               | 1 × 8                          |
|                        | Common wire                                 | Minus                          |
|                        | Switching element                           | MOS                            |
|                        | Switched voltage                            | 19.2 V DC to 28.8 V DC         |
|                        | Switched current                            | 300 mA                         |
|                        | Protection current maximum                  | Typically 1.5 A                |
|                        | Residual current at Log. 0                  | 0 mA                           |
|                        | Switch-on time                              | 40 µs                          |
|                        | Switch-off time                             | 100 µs                         |
|                        | Shortcut protection                         | Electronic                     |
|                        | Inductive load protection                   | Electronic                     |
|                        | Galvanic separation                         | Yes, common with DI            |
|                        | Insulation strength                         | 300 V AC /1 minute *)          |
|                        | Connection point                            | WAGO 231-309/102-000 connector |
| Wire cross section     | 0.08 mm <sup>2</sup> to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> |                                |

Note: \*) Insulation must not be used for dangerous voltage separation.

|                        |                     |   |
|------------------------|---------------------|---|
| <b>Analogue inputs</b> | Number of inputs    | 8   |
|                        | Configuration       | 1 × 8   |
|                        | Common wire         | Minus   |
|                        | Type of inputs      | 0 V to 5 V / 0 V to 10 V / 0 mA to 20 mA /<br>/ Ni1000 / Pt1000 /<br>/ 24 V digital input |
|                        | Resolution          | 10 bit  |
|                        | Galvanic separation | No  |
|                        | Connection points   | WAGO 231-305/102-000 connector<br>WAGO 231-304/102-000 connector                          |
|                        | Wire cross section  | 0.08 mm <sup>2</sup> to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>   |

**Caution:** AGND (24) terminal is internally connected with GDN (33) terminal of system power supply connector.

#### Input range 0 V to 5 V DC

|                               |                     |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| AD converter resolution (LSB) | 5 mV                |
| Accuracy                      | 0.1 % *)            |
| Temperature dependence        | 25 ppm/°C           |
| Input DC resistance           | Minimum 1 MΩ        |
| Input circuit time constant   | 1 ms                |
| Input overvoltage protection  | Diodes              |
| Maximum input voltage         | 50 V DC permanently |

#### Input range 0 V to 10 V DC

|                               |                     |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| AD converter resolution (LSB) | 10 mV               |
| Accuracy                      | 0.2 % *)            |
| Temperature dependence        | 35 ppm/°C           |
| Input resistance              | 20 kΩ               |
| Input circuit time constant   | 0.5 ms              |
| Input overvoltage protection  | Diodes              |
| Maximum input voltage         | 50 V DC permanently |

#### Input range 0 mA to 20 mA

|                               |              |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| AD converter resolution (LSB) | 20 μA        |
| Accuracy                      | 0.2 % *)     |
| Temperature dependence        | 75 ppm/°C    |
| Input resistance              | 249 Ω/0.1 %  |
| Input circuit time constant   | 1 ms         |
| Input overvoltage protection  | Diodes       |
| Maximum input current         | 30 mA DC **) |

**Note:** \*) Measurement accuracy may be reduced by 15 % during electromagnetic interference, see chapter 3.

\*\*\*) At input voltage higher than 7.5 V (input current higher than 30 mA DC) thermal overload of sensing resistor occurs.

#### Ni1000 input

|                               |                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Measuring range               | -50 °C to 150 °C |
| Ni1000 sensor constant        | 6180 ppm/°C      |
| AD converter resolution (LSB) | 0.3 °C *)        |

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Accuracy<br>(range Ni1000. Depends on measured value. Interpolation needs to be performed) | T = -50 °C 0.8 °C **)<br>T = 0 °C 0.9 °C **)<br>T = 150 °C 1.2 °C **) |
| Input temperature dependence   | 75 ppm/°C   |
| Input circuit time constant  | 1 ms  |
| Input overvoltage protection   | Diodes ***)   |

- Note: \*) While NOS operating system is used.  
 \*\*) Measurement accuracy may be reduced by 15 % during electromagnetic interference, see chapter 3.  
 \*\*\*) Only a resistive sensor can be connected to this input. According to technical design, when sensor is not connected, voltage of 12 V occurs on Alx input – voltage is switched on for 10 ms in 110 ms interval, common voltmeter will show average value.

**Pt1000 input**

|                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Measured temperature range    | -50 °C to 250 °C  |
| Pt1000 sensor constant        | 3900 ppm/°C   |
| AD converter resolution (LSB) | 1 °C *)   |
| Accuracy                      | T = -50 °C 1.0 °C **)<br>T = 0 °C 1.3 °C **)<br>T = 250 °C 2.6 °C **) |
| Input temperature dependence  | 75 ppm/°C   |
| Input circuit time constant   | 1 ms  |
| Input overvoltage protection  | Diodes ***)   |

- Note: \*) While NOS operating system is used.  
 \*\*) Measurement accuracy may be reduced by 15 % during electromagnetic interference, see chapter 3.  
 \*\*\*) Only a resistive sensor can be connected to this input. According to technical design, when sensor is not connected, voltage of 12 V occurs on Alx input – voltage is switched on for 10 ms in 110 ms interval, common voltmeter will show average value.

**Digital input 24 V**

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Logical 0                    | Min. -30 V, max. 5 V   |
| Logical 1                    | Min. 8 V, max. 30 V  |
| Input current                | 2 mA at 24 V DC  |
| Input peak current           | Max. 3 mA at 30 V DC   |
| Input overvoltage protection | Diodes   |
| Maximum frequency            | 100 Hz at 10 % duty cycle distortion<br>500 Hz at 30 % duty cycle distortion |
| Galvanic separation          | No   |
| Maximum input voltage        | 50 V DC permanently  |

**Analogue outputs**

|                         |             |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Number of outputs       | 4           |
| Configuration           | 1 × 4       |
| Common wire             | Minus       |
| Output range            | 0 V to 10 V |
| Minimum load            | 1 kΩ        |
| Maximum capacitive load | 10 nF       |
| Maximum output current  | 10 mA       |

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Adjustment error                             | 0.2 %                                       |
| Resolution                                   | 10 bit                                      |
| Resolution per 1 bit                         | 10 mV                                       |
| Transition time 0 V to 10 V DC, accuracy 1 % | Maximum 25 ms                               |
| Residual ripple                              | 20 mV                                       |
| Temperature dependence                       | 35 ppm/°C                                   |
| Maximum wire length                          | 100 m                                       |
| Output circuitry protection                  | Transil 600 W                               |
| Galvanic separation                          | No  |
| Connection point                             | WAGO 231-305/102-000 connector              |
| Wire cross section                           | 0.08 mm <sup>2</sup> to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> |

**Caution:** AGND (1) terminal is internally connected with GDN (33) terminal of system power supply.

Presented parameters are valid while NOS operating system is used.

|            |                       |                                      |
|------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>GSM</b> | GSM bands             | 850 MHz, 900 MHz, 1800 MHz, 1900 MHz |
|            | Modem type            | TELIT GL865-DUAL V3                  |
|            | SIM card type         | Mini (2FF)                           |
|            | Antenna connection *) | SMA connector                        |

**Note:** \*) Antenna is not included.

|                     |   |                         |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------|
| <b>RS485</b>        | Overvoltage protection                      | Transil 600 W           |
|                     | Terminating resistor **)                    | 120 Ω on control system |
|                     | Idle state definition **)                   |                         |
|                     | up to +5 V                                  | 1 KΩ on control system  |
|                     | up to 0 V                                   | 1 KΩ on control system  |
|                     | Maximum wire length                         | 1200 m / 19200 bps      |
|                     | Maximum stations count                      | 32                      |
|                     | Operation indication                        | LED on panel            |
|                     | Galvanic separation                         | Yes                     |
| Insulation strength | 300 V AC / 1 minute *)                      |                         |
| Connection point    | WAGO 231-303/102-000 connector              |                         |
| Wire cross section  | 0.08 mm <sup>2</sup> to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> |                         |

**Note:** \*) Insulation must not be used for dangerous voltage separation.

\*\*) Terminating resistor and idle state definition are connected together.

|                 |                           |  |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Ethernet</b> | Data transmission rate    | 10/100 Mbps                            |
|                 | Interface controller used | STM32F207 + LAN8720                    |
|                 | Operation indication      | LED on panel                           |
|                 | Galvanic separation       | Yes                                    |
|                 | Insulation strength       | 300 V AC / 1 minute *)                 |
|                 | Connection point          | RJ45 connector, according to IEEE802.3 |

**Note:** \*) Insulation must not be used for dangerous voltage separation.

|                     |                               |   |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| <b>Power supply</b> | Nominal power supply voltage  | 24 V DC                                     |
|                     | Power supply voltage range    | 19.2 V DC to 28.8 V DC                      |
|                     | Power consumption             | Max. 200 mA at 24 V DC                      |
|                     | Connection point              | WAGO 231-302/102-000 connector              |
|                     | Wire cross section            | 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> |
| <b>Mechanics</b>    | Mechanical design             | Plastic box                                 |
|                     | Mounting                      | DIN 35 mm rail mounting                     |
|                     | Ingress protection rate       | IP20  |
|                     | Weight<br>– netto<br>– brutto | 0.46 kg ± 5 %<br>0.56 kg ± 5 %              |
|                     | Dimensions (w × h × d)        | (160 × 95 × 74) mm                          |
| <b>Temperatures</b> | Operating temperature range   | 0 °C to 50 °C                               |
|                     | Storage temperature range     | -20 °C to 70 °C                             |
| <b>Others</b>       | Maximum ambient humidity      | < 95 % non-condensing                       |
|                     | Programming                   | DetStudio (NOS)                             |

## 2.1. Dimensions

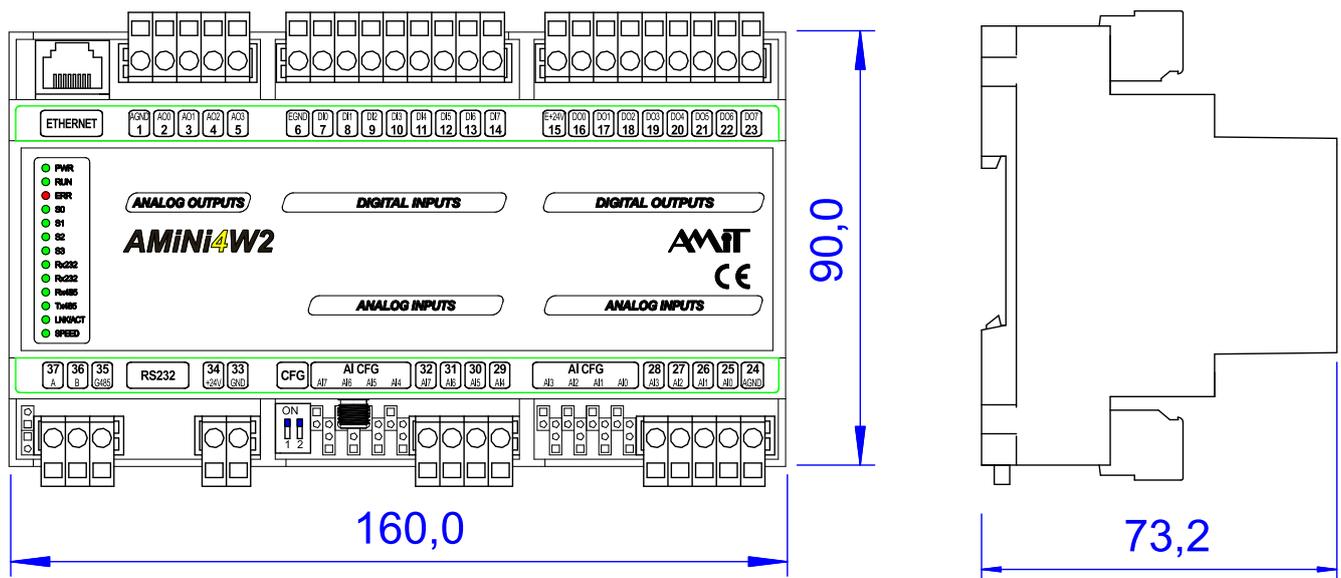


Fig. 1 - AMiNi4W2/G dimensions

## 2.2. Recommended drawing symbol

Following drawing symbol is recommended for **AMiNi4W2/G** control system. Only part of it will be visible in following examples.

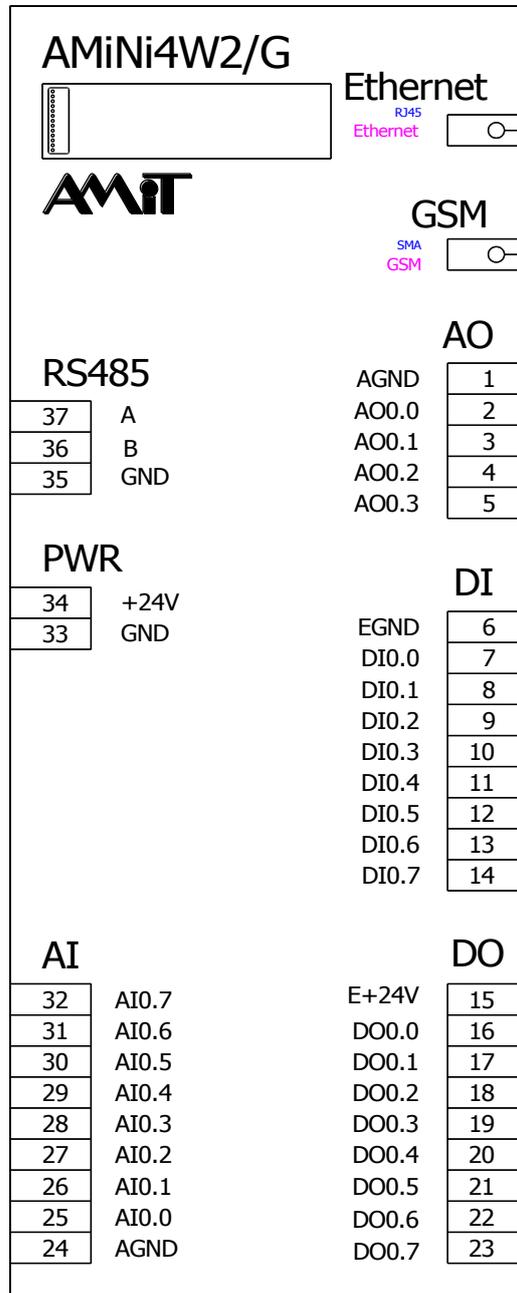


Fig. 2 - Recommended drawing symbol for **AMiNi4W2/G**

### 3. Conformity assessment

The equipment meets the requirements of NV616/2006 Czech governmental decree. The compliance assessment has been performed in accordance with harmonized standard EN 61326.

| Tested in accordance with standard | Type of test   | Class          |
|------------------------------------|--|----------------|
| EN 55011:2009                      | Industrial, scientific and medical equipment – Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement                             | Complies, A *) |
| EN 61000-4-2:2009                  | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test                                 | 8 kV           |
| EN 61000-4-3:2006                  | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test        | Complies **)   |
| EN 61000-4-4:2012                  | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test, power supply           | ±4 kV          |
| EN 61000-4-4:2012                  | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test, input                  | ±2 kV          |
| EN 61000-4-5:2006                  | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test, power supply.                  | ±2 kV          |
| EN 61000-4-5:2006                  | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test, RS485, Ethernet                                  | ±2 kV #)       |
| EN 61000-4-5:2006                  | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test, other  | ±1 kV #)       |
| EN 61000-4-6:2009                  | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields | 10 V **)       |

\*) This is device of Class A. In the internal environment this product can cause some radio disturbances. In such case the user may be asked to take the appropriate measures.

\*\*) During interference, measurement accuracy on analogue inputs is reduced.

#) Other than power supply circuitry cabling, which is longer than 30 m must be carried out by using the shielded cables.

### 3.1. Other tests

---

| <b>Tested in accordance with standard</b> | <b>Type of test</b>  | <b>Classification</b> |
|---|--|-----------------------|
| EN 60068-2-1:2007                         | Environmental testing – Part 2-1: Tests – Test A: Cold   | Complies              |
| EN 60068-2-2:2007                         | Environmental testing – Part 2-2: Tests – Test B: Dry heat   | Complies              |
| EN 61000-4-29:2000                        | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-29: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on d.c. input power port immunity tests | Complies              |

# 4. Power supply

AMiNi4W2/G control system can be powered only by DC power supply. Power source must meet the requirements stated in chapter 2. Technical parameters.

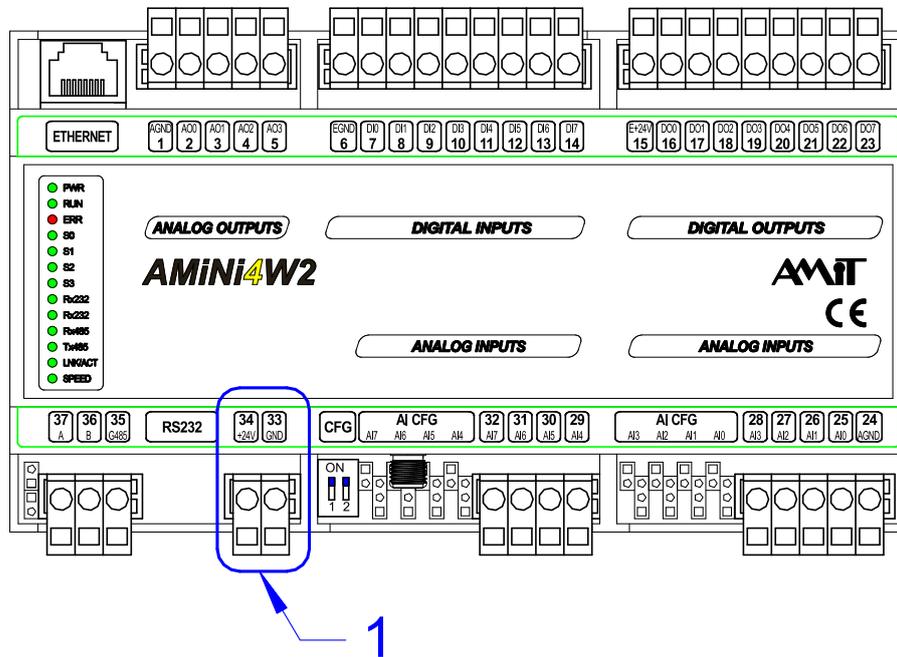


Fig. 3 - Power supply connector location

| Legend | Number | Meaning                |
|--------|--------|------------------------|
|        | 1      | Power supply connector |

| Connectors numbering | Terminal | Label | Meaning               |
|----------------------|----------|-------|-----------------------|
|                      | 33       | GND   | Power supply GND      |
|                      | 34       | +24V  | Power supply +24 V DC |

**Wiring example**

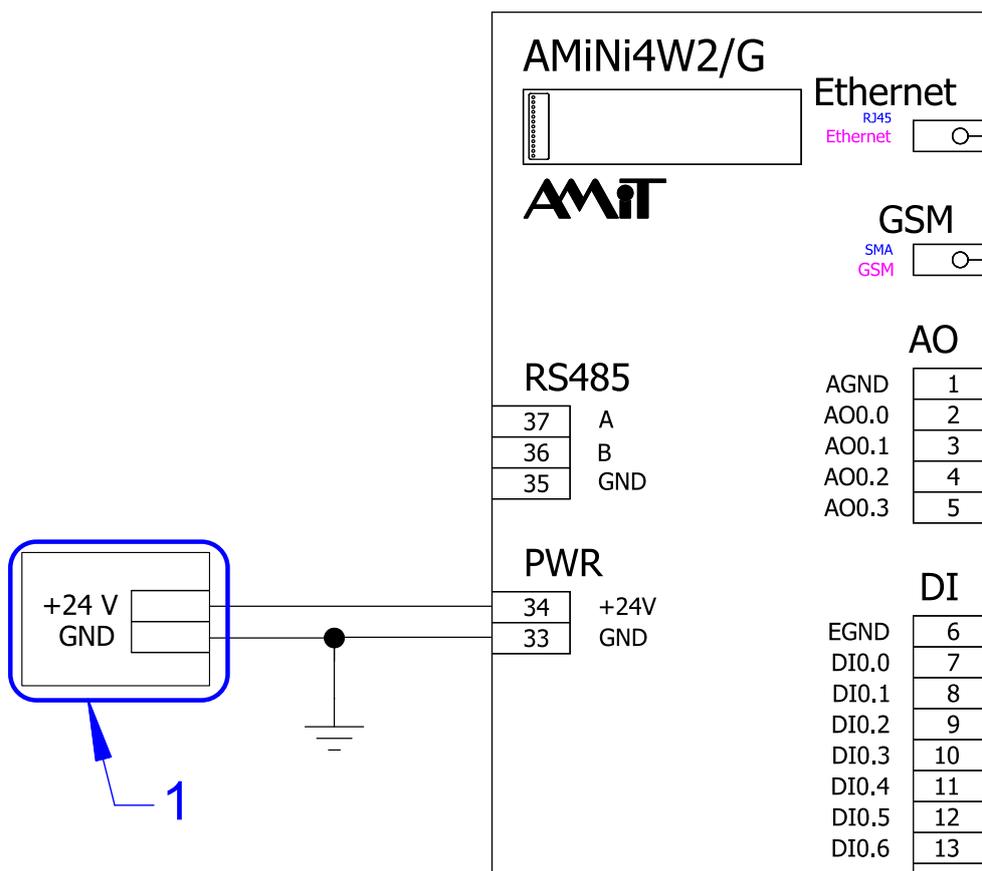


Fig. 4 - Wiring example of single control system

| Legend | Number | Meaning                       |
|--------|--------|-------------------------------|
|        | 1      | External power supply 24 V DC |

*Note:* It is recommended to connect the GND, AGND and EGND terminals with switchboard PE terminal when installation is made.

# 5. Inputs/outputs

## 5.1. Digital inputs

Digital inputs of **AMiNi4W2/G** control system can be used for AC as well as for DC signal. The way of evaluating is determined by software.

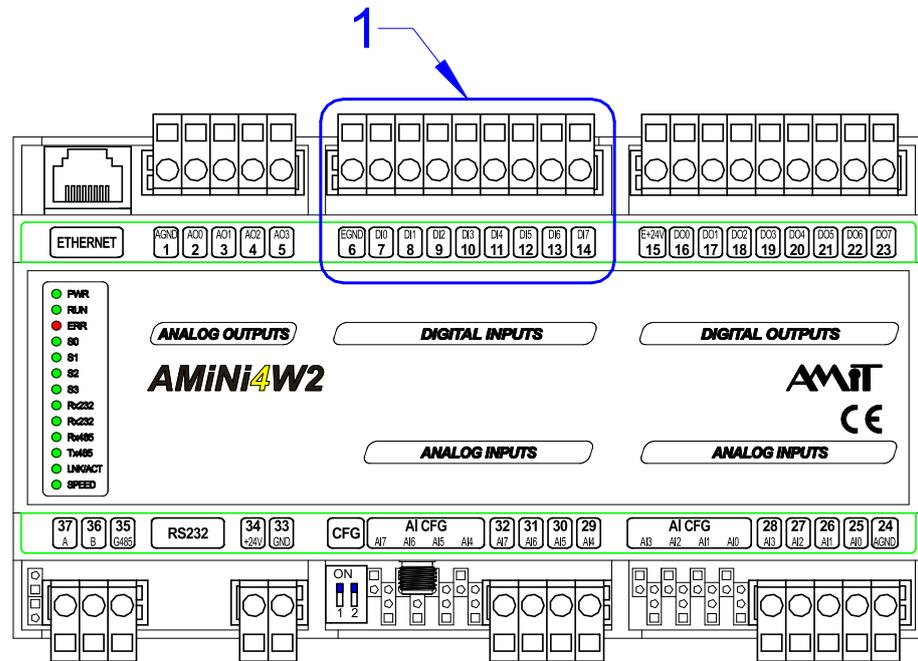


Fig. 5 - Inputs DI0.0 to DI0.7 connector location

| Legend | Number | Meaning                         |
|--------|--------|---------------------------------|
|        | 1      | Inputs DI0.0 to DI0.7 connector |

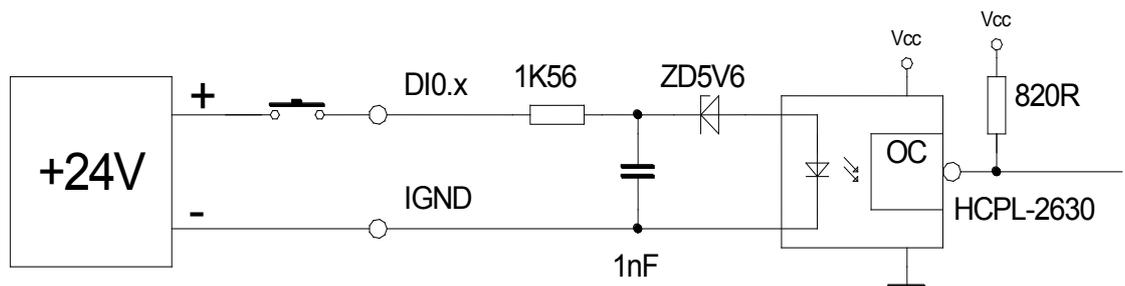


Fig. 6 - Wiring scheme of single digital input channel

- Counter inputs** Digital counter inputs can be used on two different ways:
- INT program counter
  - Program counter

**INT program counter** Each digital input of the system can generate hardware interruption. These inputs can be programmed as counters through Interrupt\_x processes.

Limitation of input signal frequency is given by program. It can be used typically up to 10 kHz frequency.

**Program counter** Each digital input can be operated by program in Hi\_x processes. These inputs can be programmed as counters. Limitation of input signal frequency is given by program. It can be used typically up to 250 Hz frequency.

Other information about counter inputs can be found in Application Note AP0017 – Counter inputs, counting of revolutions/pulses.

**Connectors numbering**

| Terminal | Label | Meaning         |
|----------|-------|-----------------|
| 6        | EGND  | Ground terminal |
| 7        | DI0.0 | Digital input 0 |
| 8        | DI0.1 | Digital input 1 |
| 9        | DI0.2 | Digital input 2 |
| 10       | DI0.3 | Digital input 3 |
| 11       | DI0.4 | Digital input 4 |
| 12       | DI0.5 | Digital input 5 |
| 13       | DI0.6 | Digital input 6 |
| 14       | DI0.7 | Digital input 7 |

**Wiring examples**

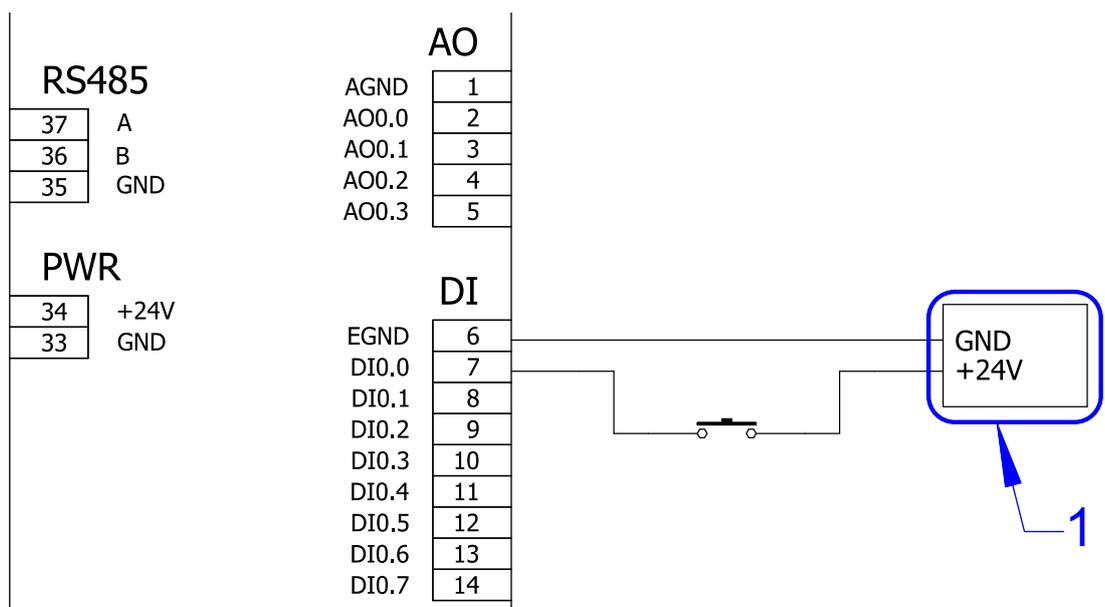


Fig. 7 - Passive contact supplied from individual power supply

**Legend**

| Number | Meaning                       |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| 1      | External power supply 24 V DC |

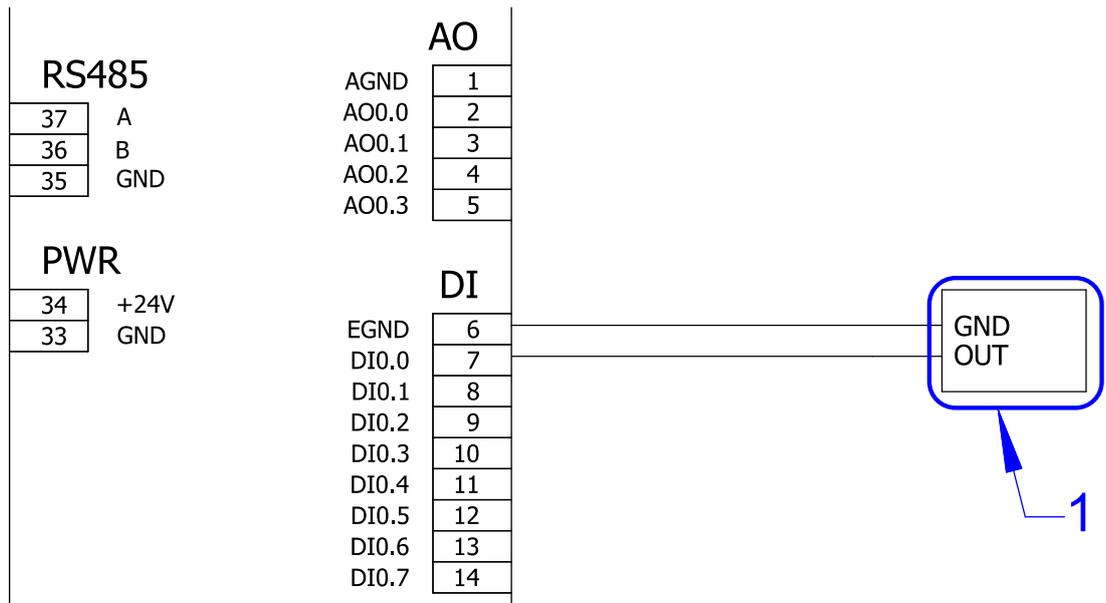


Fig. 8 - Connecting self-supplied active output

Legend

| Number | Meaning                                 |
|--------|---|
| 1      | Sensor with self-supplied active output |

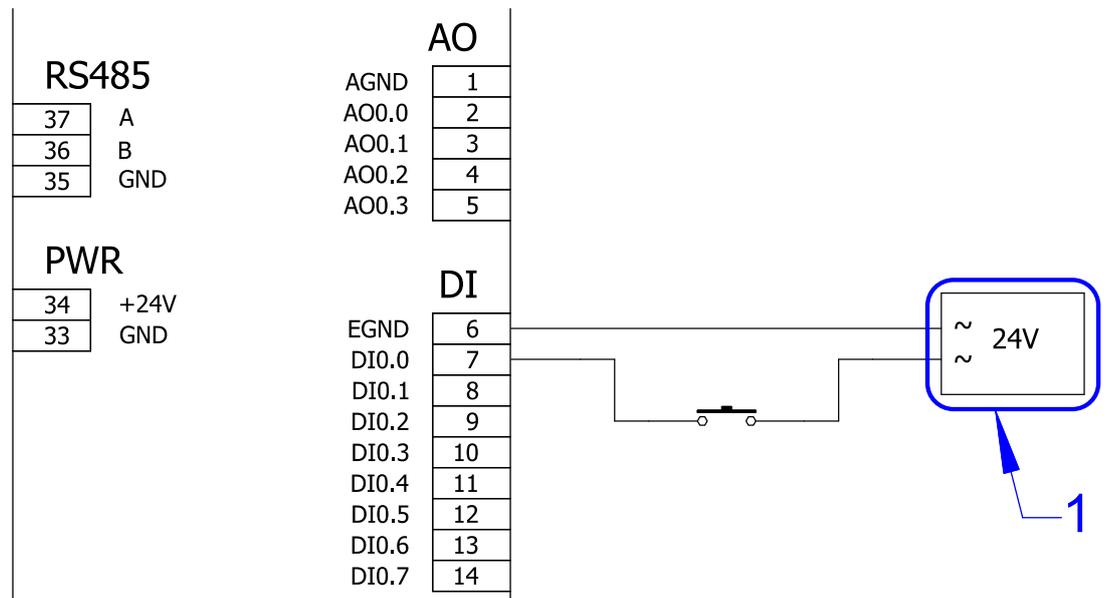


Fig. 9 - Passive contact supplied from AC power supply

Legend

| Number | Meaning                       |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| 1      | External power supply 24 V AC |

Note: It is recommended to connect the GND and EGND terminals with switchboard PE terminal when installation is made.

## 5.2. Digital outputs

Semiconductor outputs are implemented as galvanically separated MOS switches 24 V/300 mA DC. Output is shortcut-protected, overheating-proof and protected against overvoltage upon switching an inductive load.

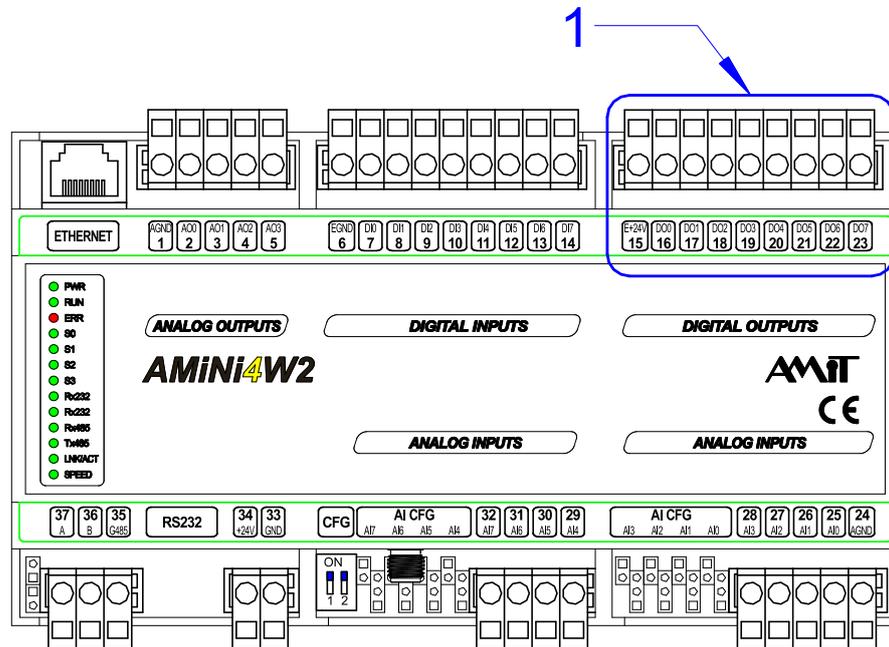


Fig. 10 - Outputs DO0.0 to DO0.7 connector location

| Legend | Number | Meaning                          |
|--------|--------|----------------------------------|
|        | 1      | Outputs DO0.0 to DO0.7 connector |

| Connectors numbering | Terminal | Label | Meaning              |
|----------------------|----------|-------|----------------------|
|                      | 15       | E+24V | Supplying of outputs |
|                      | 16       | DO0.0 | Digital output 0     |
|                      | 17       | DO0.1 | Digital output 1     |
|                      | 18       | DO0.2 | Digital output 2     |
|                      | 19       | DO0.3 | Digital output 3     |
|                      | 20       | DO0.4 | Digital output 4     |
|                      | 21       | DO0.5 | Digital output 5     |
|                      | 22       | DO0.6 | Digital output 6     |
|                      | 23       | DO0.7 | Digital output 7     |

Note: Digital input ground terminal 6 (EGND) should be used as a digital output ground terminal (it is common for digital inputs and outputs).

**Wiring example**

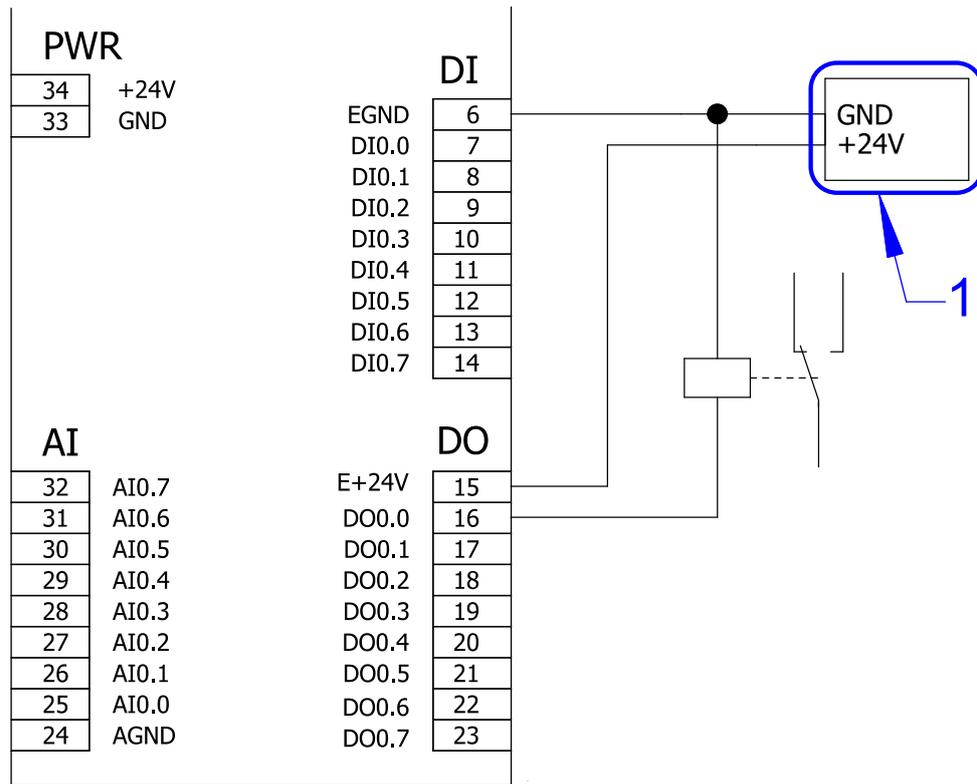


Fig. 11 - Operating the power contactor by semiconductor output

| Legend | Number | Meaning                       |
|--------|--------|-------------------------------|
|        | 1      | External power supply 24 V DC |

**Note:** It is necessary to wire terminals E+24V as well as EGND, otherwise the outputs will not work properly.

It is recommended to connect the GND and EGND terminals with switchboard PE terminal when installation is made.

### 5.3. Analogue inputs

AMiNi4W2/G control system has eight built-in analogue input channels. All inputs can be independently configured for ranges 0 V to 5 V / 0 V to 10 V / 0 mA to 20 mA or for direct connection of Ni1000 / Pt1000 sensors.

The analogue inputs can be also utilized as digital inputs. The way of signal evaluating is determined by software.

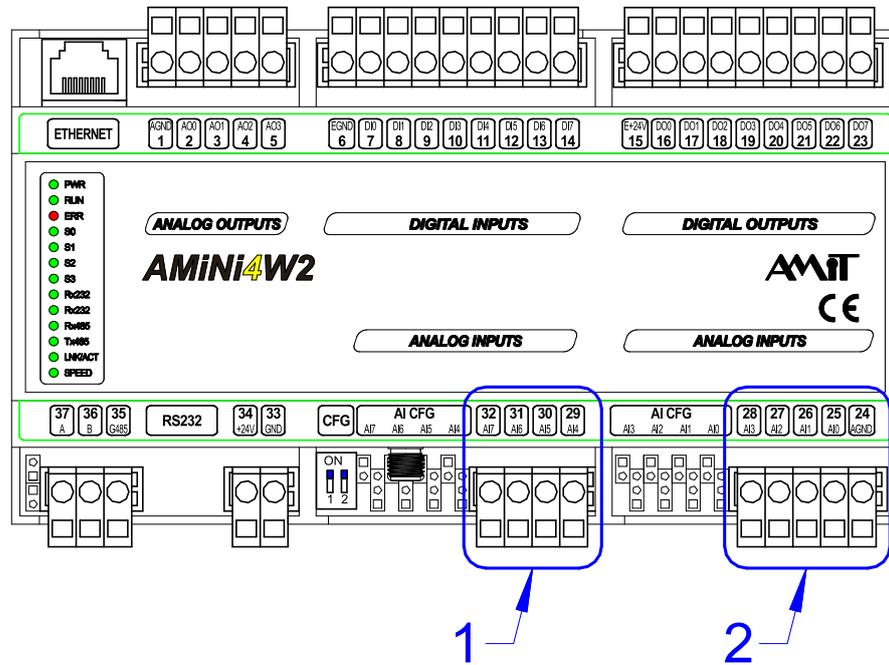


Fig. 12 - Inputs AI0.0 to AI0.7 connectors location

| Legend | Number | Meaning                         |
|--------|--------|---------------------------------|
|        | 1      | Inputs AI0.4 to AI0.7 connector |
|        | 2      | Inputs AI0.0 to AI0.3 connector |

| Connectors numbering | Terminal | Label | Meaning          |
|----------------------|----------|-------|------------------|
|                      | 24       | AGND  | Analogue ground  |
|                      | 25       | AI0.0 | Analogue input 0 |
|                      | 26       | AI0.1 | Analogue input 1 |
|                      | 27       | AI0.2 | Analogue input 2 |
|                      | 28       | AI0.3 | Analogue input 3 |
|                      | 29       | AI0.4 | Analogue input 4 |
|                      | 30       | AI0.5 | Analogue input 5 |
|                      | 31       | AI0.6 | Analogue input 6 |
|                      | 32       | AI0.7 | Analogue input 7 |

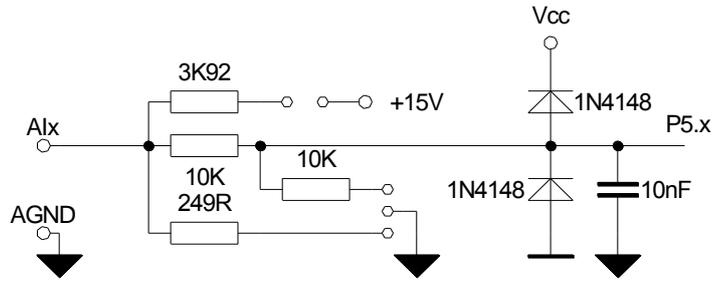


Fig. 13 - Wiring scheme of analogue input single channel

**0 V to 5 V**

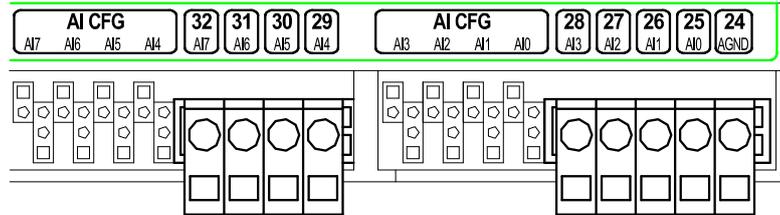


Fig. 14 - Setting configuration jumpers for range 0 V to 5 V

**0 V to 10 V**

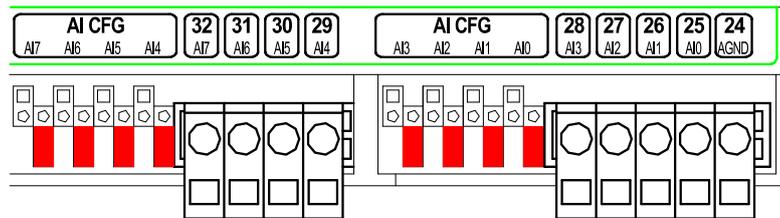


Fig. 15 - Setting configuration jumpers for 0 V to 10 V range, digital input 24 V

**0 mA to 20 mA**

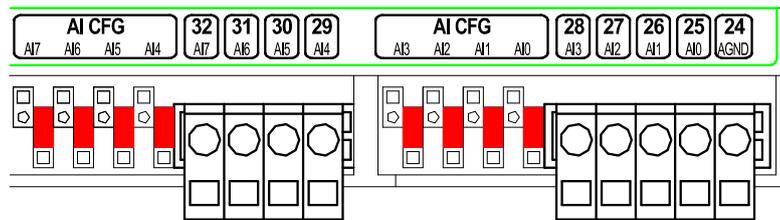


Fig. 16 - Setting configuration jumpers for 0 mA to 20 mA range

**Ni1000  
Pt1000**

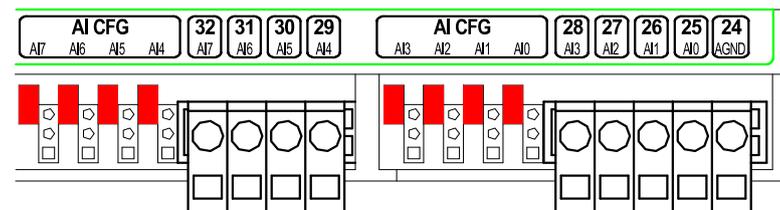


Fig. 17 - Setting configuration jumpers for Ni1000 / Pt1000 sensors

**Jumpers location** Configuration jumpers are accessible without cover dismounting.

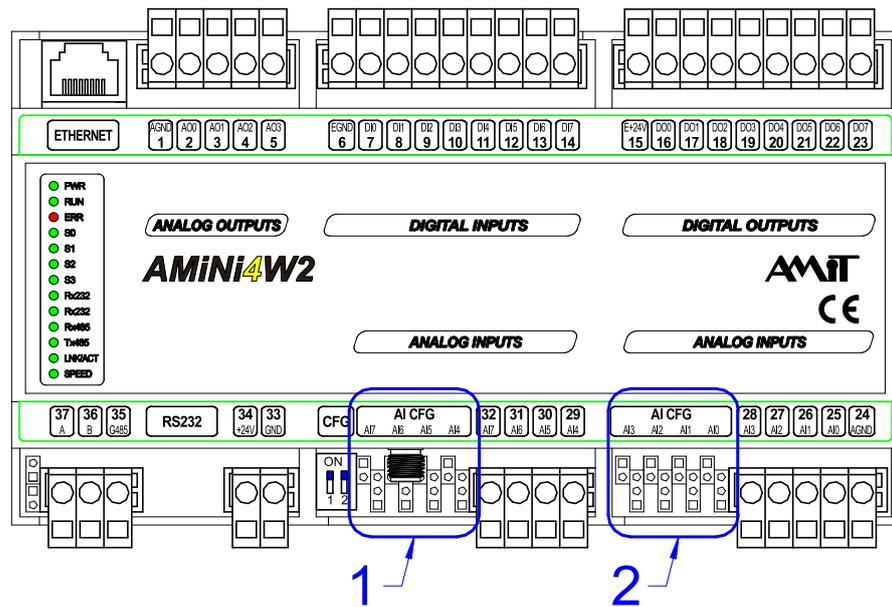


Fig. 18 - Configuration jumpers location

| Legend | Number | Meaning   |
|--------|--------|---|
|        | 1      | Configuration jumpers for inputs AI0.4 to AI0.7 |
|        | 2      | Configuration jumpers for inputs AI0.0 to AI0.3 |

**Wiring examples**

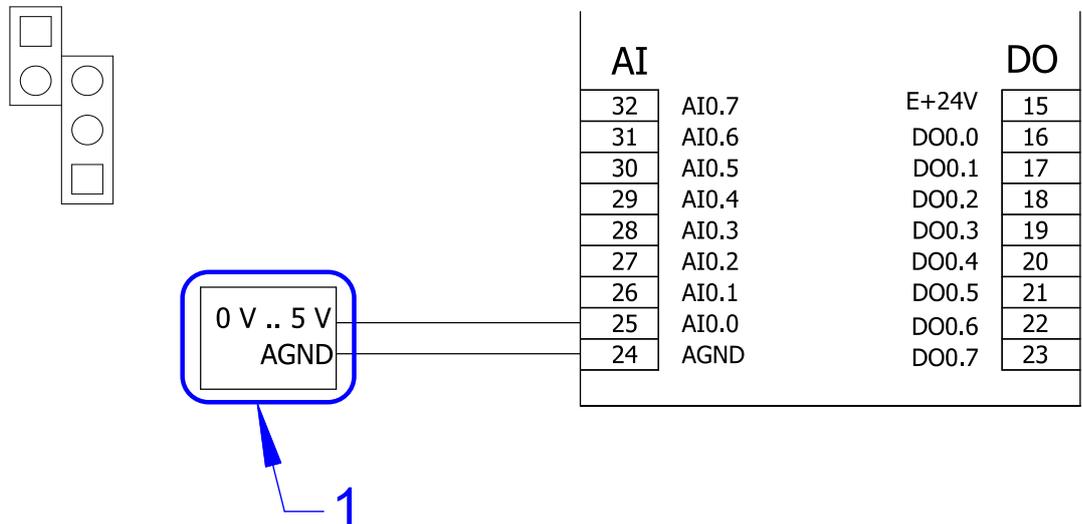


Fig. 19 - Connecting voltage sensor 0 V to 5 V

| Legend | Number | Meaning                               |
|--------|--------|---------------------------------------|
|        | 1      | Voltage sensor with 0 V to 5 V output |

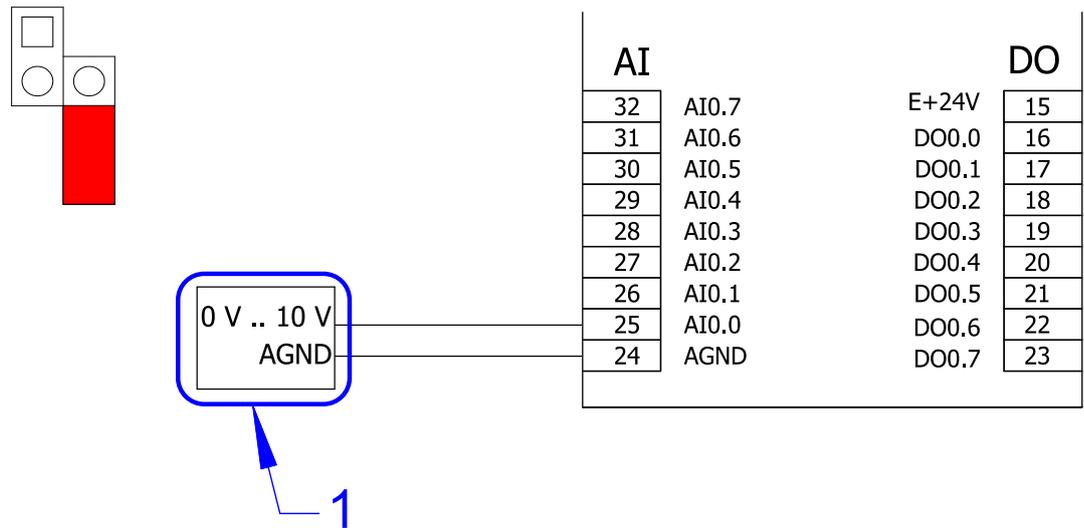


Fig. 20 - Connecting voltage sensor 0 V to 10 V

| Legend | Number | Meaning                                |
|--------|--------|--|
|        | 1      | Voltage sensor with 0 V to 10 V output |

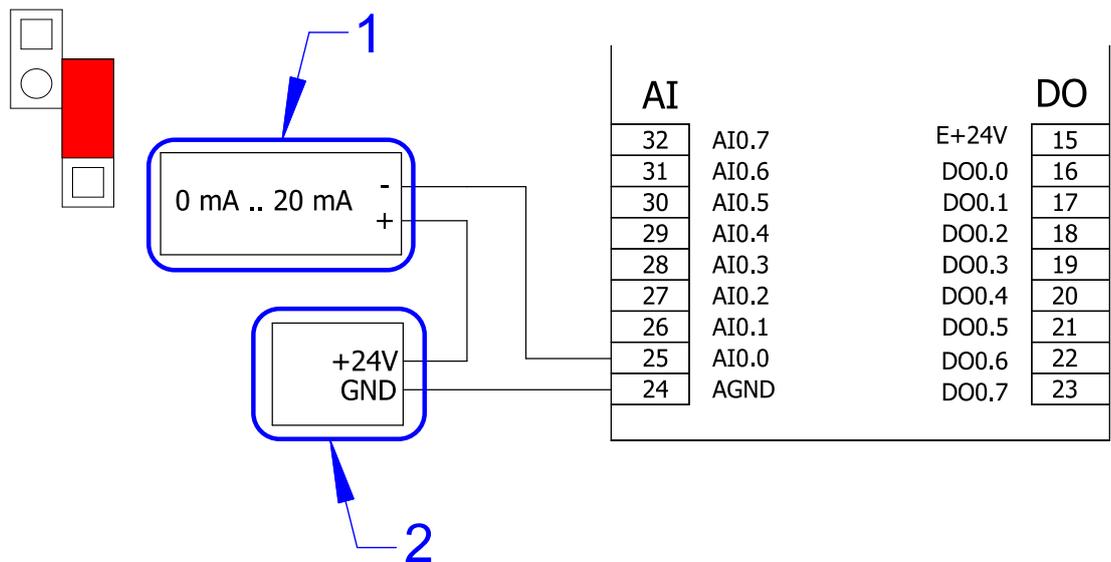


Fig. 21 - Connecting sensor with current output 0 mA to 20 mA (4 mA to 20 mA)

| Legend | Number | Meaning  |
|--------|--------|--|
|        | 1      | Current sensor with 0 mA to 20 mA (4 mA to 20 mA) output |
|        | 2      | Power supply 24 V DC                                     |

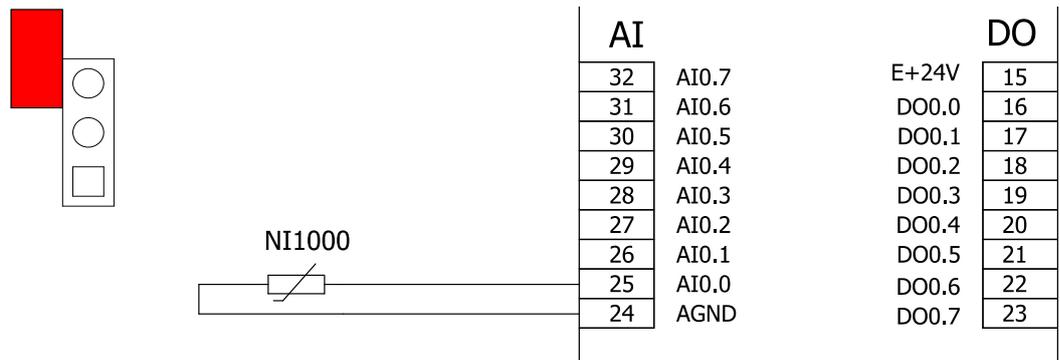


Fig. 22 - Connecting Ni1000 sensor

**Reference voltage supply** The +5.0 V DC reference voltage is located on control system I/O board. By manufacturer is set the reference voltage with 1 mV precision. The setting trimmer is secured by colour drop.

*Note:* Details about shield wiring and overvoltage protection are presented in Application Note – AP0050 – Project documentation for AMiT company products.

### 5.4. Analogue outputs

AMiNi4W2/G control system has four voltage analogue outputs. Output range is 0 V to 10 V. Outputs control is internally realized on the PWM basis.

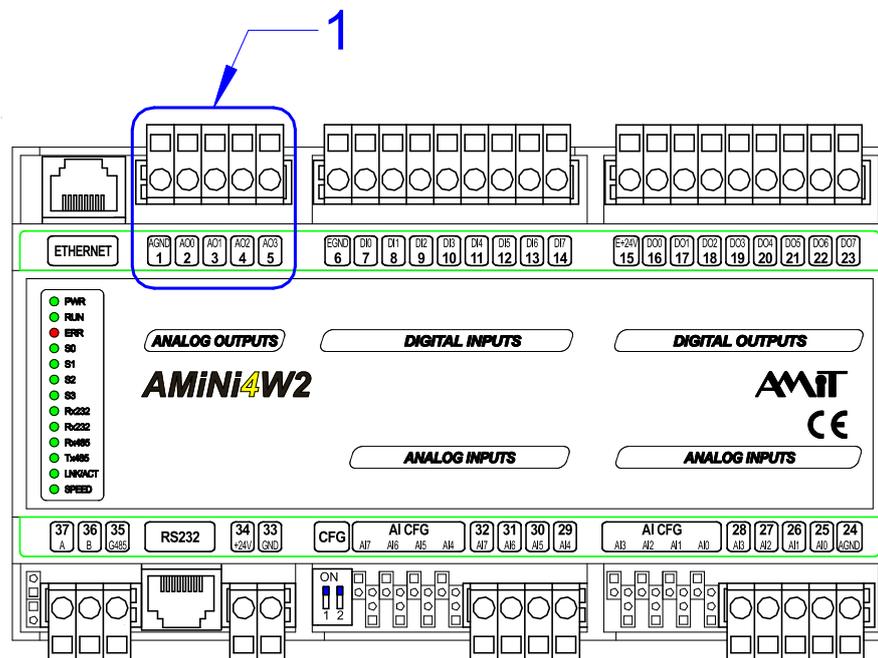


Fig. 23 - Outputs AO0.0 to AO0.3 connector location

| Legend | Number | Meaning                          |
|--------|--------|----------------------------------|
|        | 1      | Outputs AO0.0 to AO0.3 connector |

**Connectors numbering**

| Terminal | Label | Meaning           |
|----------|-------|-------------------|
| 1        | AGND  | Analogue ground   |
| 2        | AO0.0 | Analogue output 0 |
| 3        | AO0.1 | Analogue output 1 |
| 4        | AO0.2 | Analogue output 2 |
| 5        | AO0.3 | Analogue output 3 |

**Wiring scheme**

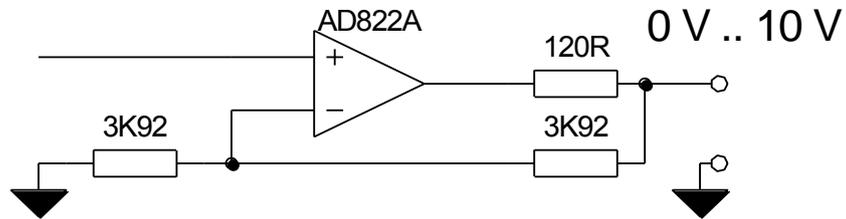


Fig. 24 - Wiring scheme of final stage of single channel analogue output

**Wiring examples**

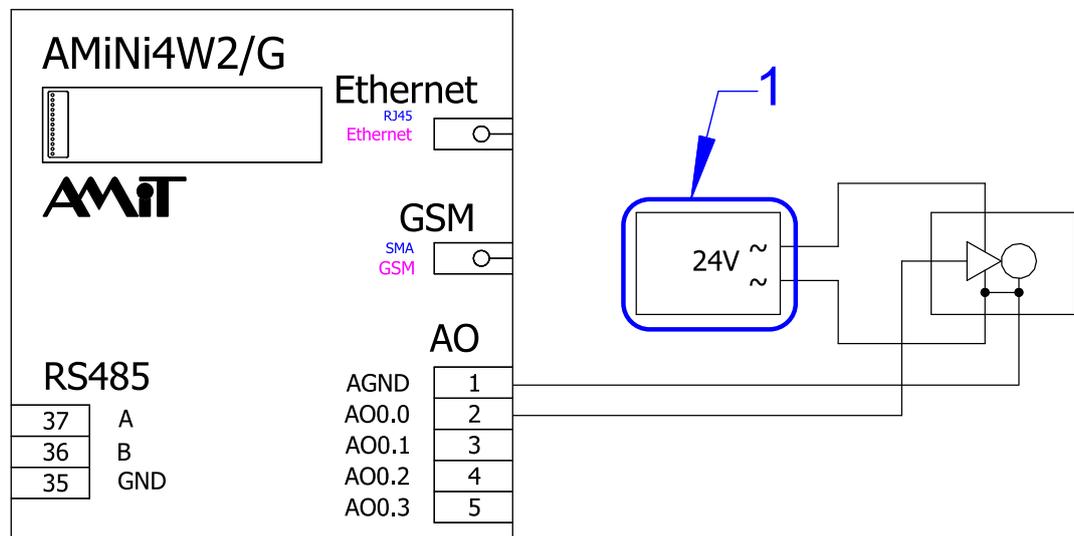


Fig. 25 - Connecting AC supplied servo

**Legend**

| Number | Meaning         |
|--------|-----------------|
| 1      | AC power supply |

## 6. Communication lines

AMiNi4W2/G control system is equipped with three communication interfaces.

- RS485 interface
- Ethernet interface
- GSM modem

### 6.1. RS485

RS485 is a Half-duplex serial interface, which is led out to WAGO connector. Interface can be also used for interconnecting of more stations (up to 32 on one segment) All stations communicate through single signal pair. RS485 has a number 1 within SW, in case of using NOS.

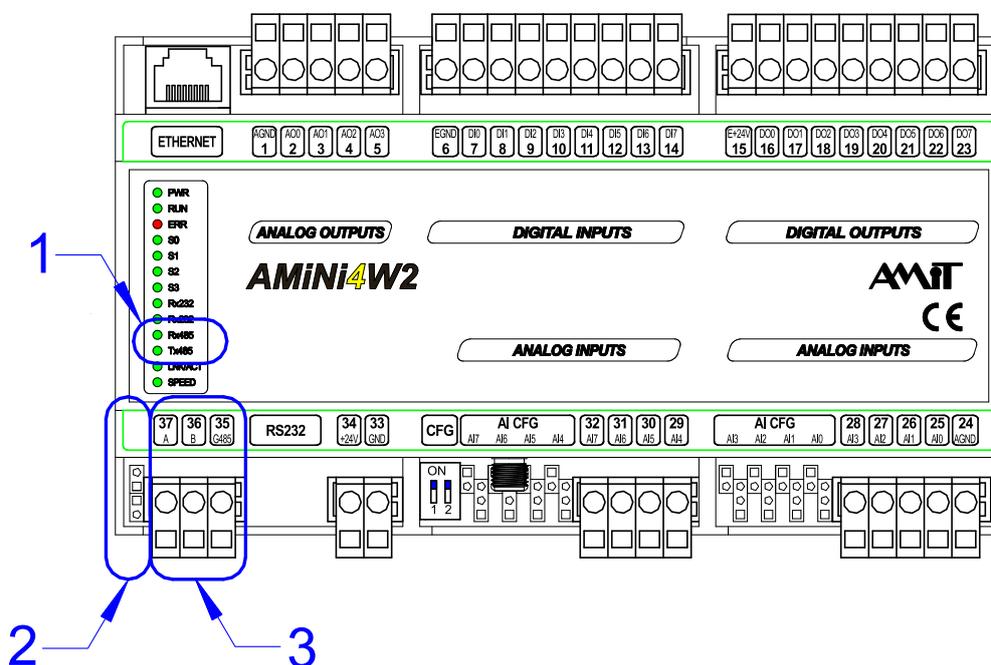


Fig. 26 - RS485 connector and indication LEDs location

| Legend | Number | Meaning  |
|--------|--------|--|
|        | 1      | RS485 line LED indicators                                    |
|        | 2      | Jumpers for idle state definition and RS485 line termination |
|        | 3      | RS485 line connector   |

| Connector numbering | Terminal | Label | Meaning              |
|---------------------|----------|-------|----------------------|
|                     | 35       | G485  | RS485 line ground    |
|                     | 36       | B     | RS485 line, signal B |
|                     | 37       | A     | RS485 line, signal A |

Activity of RS485 line is indicated by LEDs located on front panel.

|                              |            |                            |
|------------------------------|------------|----------------------------|
| <b>RS485 indication LEDs</b> | <b>LED</b> | <b>Meaning</b>             |
|                              | Rx485      | Lights when receiving data |
|                              | Tx485      | Lights when sending data   |

### 6.1.1 RS485 line termination

Two configuration jumpers which are used for line termination and idle state definition are located near RS485 interface. Both jumpers must be set at end-station (idle state definition and line termination is connected).

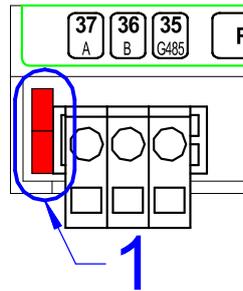


Fig. 27 - Connected jumpers on end station

|               |               |  |
|---------------|---------------|--|
| <i>Legend</i> | <b>Number</b> | <b>Meaning</b>   |
|               | 1             | Connected jumpers for idle state definition and RS485 line termination |

Both jumpers must be disconnected at intermediate stations (idle state definition and line termination is disconnected).

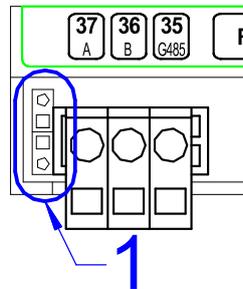


Fig. 28 - Disconnected jumpers on end station

|               |               |   |
|---------------|---------------|---|
| <i>Legend</i> | <b>Number</b> | <b>Meaning</b>  |
|               | 1             | Disconnected jumpers for idle state definition and RS485 line termination |

|                           |                |  |
|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| <b>Meaning of jumpers</b> | <b>Jumpers</b> | <b>Meaning</b>   |
|                           | Are set        | End-station – Idle state and line termination is active            |
|                           | Are not set    | Intermediate station – Idle state and line termination is inactive |

More information about using the RS485 line can be found in Application Note – AP0016 – Principles of using RS485 interface.

## 6.2. Ethernet

Through Ethernet interface the system can be directly connected into computer LAN network, and is led out to RJ45 connector. For connecting it is possible to use components of standard structured cabling.

Ethernet interface can be used for visualization as well as for control system remote application loading. TCP/IP protocols family is used for communication, therefore the communication network can be shared both by control systems and personal computers.

The **AMiNi4W2/G** control system can be utilized as bridge to RS485 network with DB-Net protocol.

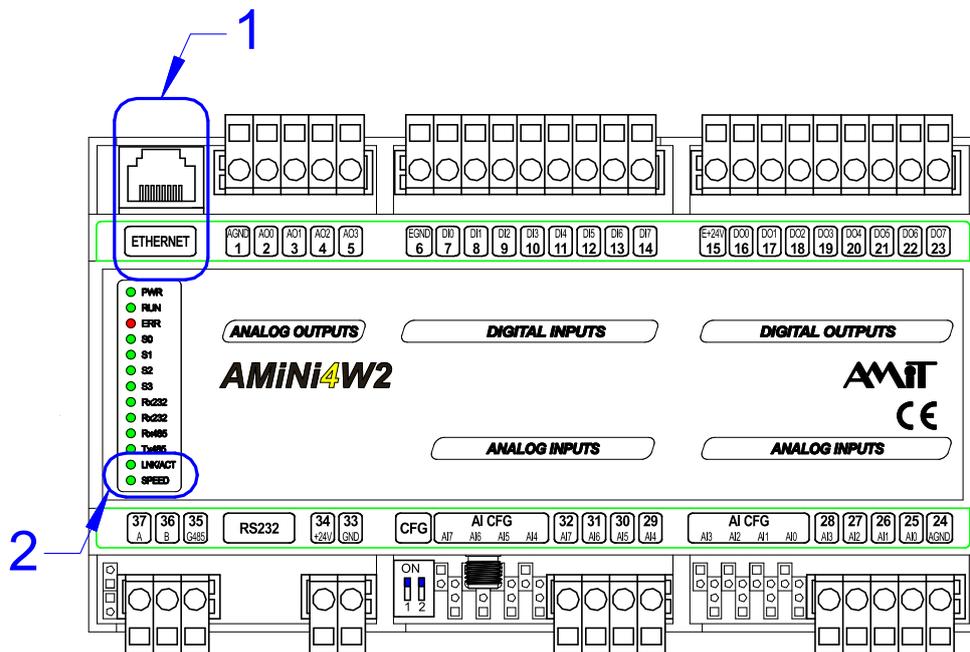


Fig. 29 - Ethernet connector and indication LEDs location

| Legend | Number | Meaning                      |
|--------|--------|------------------------------|
|        | 1      | Ethernet line LED indicators |
|        | 2      | Ethernet line connector      |

Activity on Ethernet line is indicated by system LEDs located on front panel.

| RS485 indication LEDs | LED     | Meaning  |
|-----------------------|---------|--|
|                       | LNK/ACT | Lights when connected to network, blinks when sending / receiving data |
|                       | Speed   | Lights in 100 Mbps network, does not light in 10 Mbps network          |

Details about Ethernet interface can be found in Application Note – AP0037 – Principles of using Ethernet.

### 6.3. GSM modem

SMS messages can be sent/received to/from control system in UPD mode via integrated modem. Within SW the GSM port has number 2, in case of using NOS.

Antenna (not included) can be connected to control system via SMA connector on the bottom of the control system. Slot for SIM card is located behind analogue input connector AI4 to AI7, close to antenna connector.

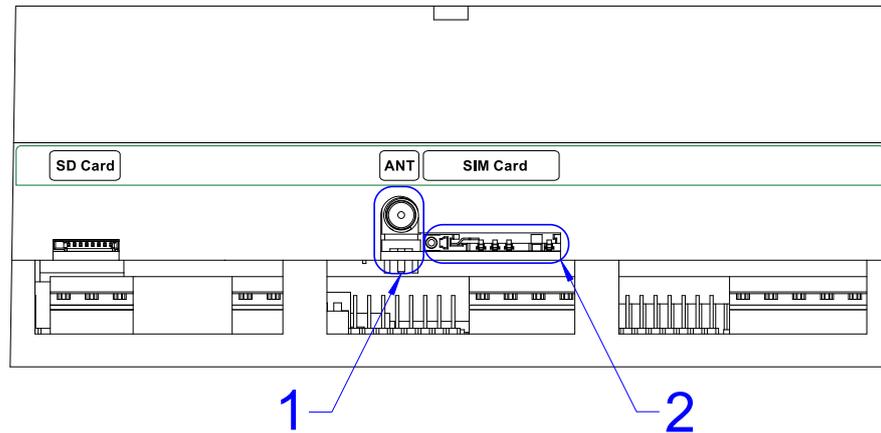


Fig. 30 - Antenna connector and slot for SIM card location

| <i>Legend</i> | <b>Number</b> | <b>Meaning</b>                       |
|---------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|
|               | 1             | SMA connector for antenna connection |
|               | 2             | SIM card slot                        |

SIM card must be inserted with contacts towards the base board (board with WAGO connectors) of **AMiNi4W2/G**. Inserting / removing the SIM card must be performed only with control system power supply turned OFF!

GSM interface activity is indicated by Rx232 and Tx232 LEDs, located on front panel.

| <b>RS232 LED indicators</b> | <b>LED</b> | <b>Meaning</b>             |
|-----------------------------|------------|----------------------------|
|                             | Rx232      | Lights when receiving data |
|                             | Tx232      | Lights when sending data   |

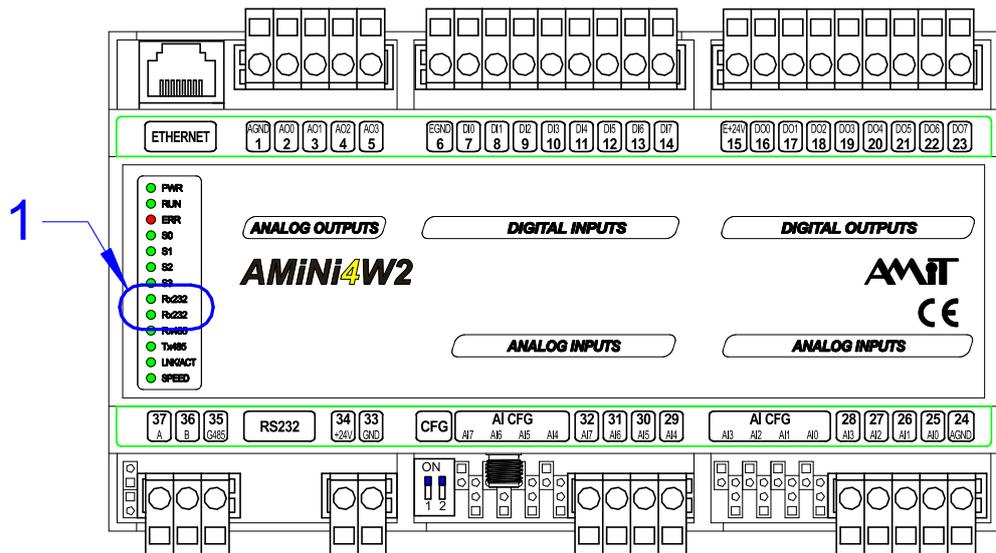


Fig. 31 - LED indicators location

Legend

| Number | Meaning                              |
|--------|--------------------------------------|
| 1      | LED indicators for GSM communication |

## 7. Internal measuring, SD card

### 7.1. Backup battery measurement

Voltage of backup battery can be measured in applications, written in DetStudio development tool via predefined analogue channel.

*Operation example* AnIn #Vbatt, fBat, 5.000, 0.000, 10.000, 0.000, 10.000

Measured value is battery voltage [V].

Warning that it is time to replace the battery can be displayed in application.

### 7.2. Measuring of power supply voltage

Value of power supply voltage can be measured in applications, written in DetStudio development tool via predefined analogue channel.

*Operation example* AnIn #Vint, fPwr, 56.0000, 0.000, 56.000, 0.700, 55.000

Measured value is power supply voltage [V].

### 7.3. SD card

Micro SD card slot is located on the bottom of **AMiNi4W2/G** (behind the RS485 interface connector). The way the card is used depends on used operation system and communication process program. Details about card usage are described in application software documentation.

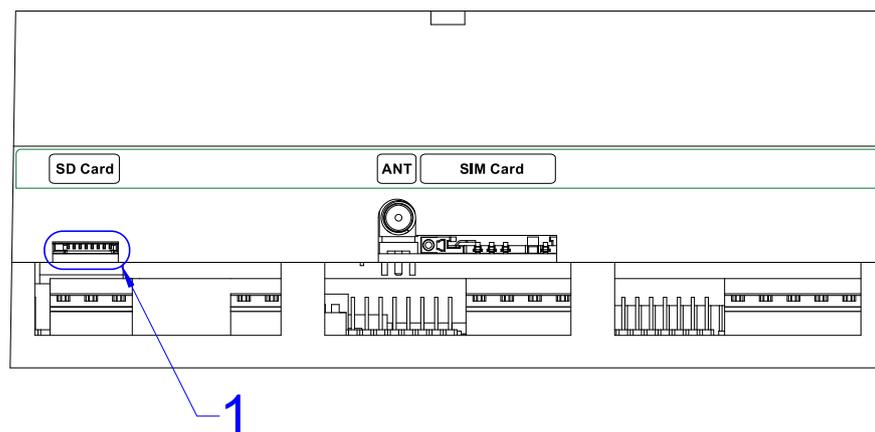


Fig. 32 - Micro SD card slot location

| Legend | Number | Meaning            |
|--------|--------|--------------------|
|        | 1      | Micro SD card slot |

Card is inserted contacts up (towards **AMiNi4W2/G** label). Inserting / removing an SD card is not subject to the connected / disconnected power supply. Card can be freely manipulated during system run, without danger of data loss or corruption.

**Caution:** If the Micro SD card capacity is up to 2 GB, the FAT16 has to be used. Over 2 GB the FAT32 has to be used.

## 8. System LEDs and CFG switches

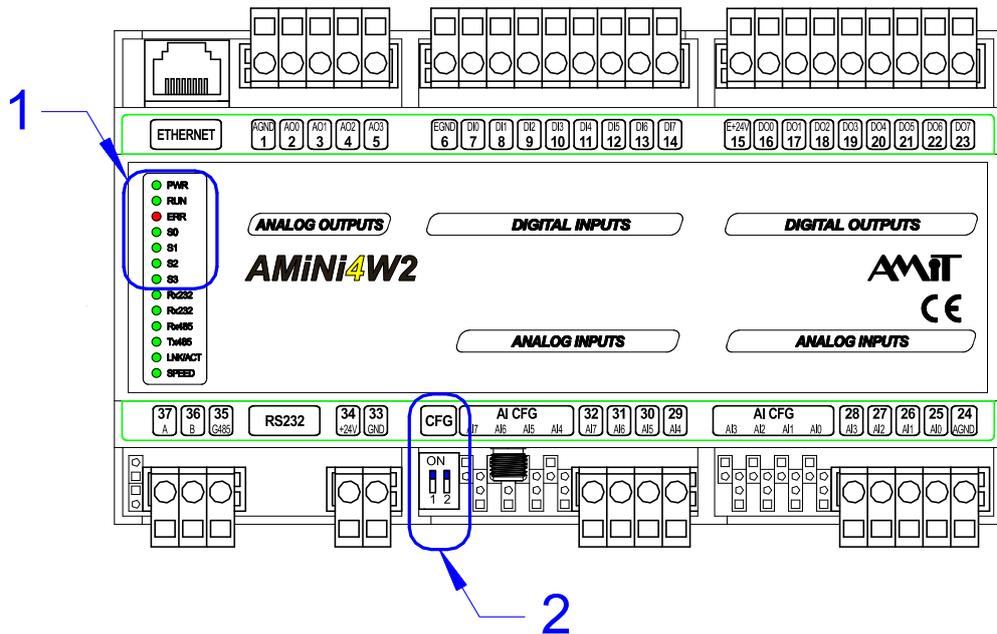


Fig. 33 - DIP switch and status indicator locations

| Legend | Number | Meaning      |
|--------|--------|--------------|
|        | 1      | System LEDs  |
|        | 2      | CFG switches |

| System LEDs | LED | Colour | Meaning  |
|-------------|-----|--------|--|
|             | PWR | Green  | Power supply is attached   |
|             | RUN | Green  | Run of SW equipment<br>Blinks with 0.5 s period – NOS operation system run<br>Blinks with 1 s period – application run |
|             | ERR | Red    | SW equipment error<br>Lights – SW error  |
|             | S0  | Green  | Procedural processor activity  |
|             | S1  | Green  | Procedural processor activity  |
|             | S2  | Green  | Procedural processor activity  |
|             | S3  | Green  | Communication processor activity   |

| CFG switches | Switch | Position | Meaning  |
|--------------|--------|----------|--|
|              | 1      | ON       | Setting factory defaults of communication parameters |
|              |        | OFF      | Standard run   |
|              | 2      | ON       | Switching to special mode for loading NOS            |
|              |        | OFF      | Standard run   |

# 9. Configuration

## 9.1. HW configuration

HW configuration is done for analogue inputs and RS485 interface via configuration jumpers, described in previous chapters. Position of all configuration jumpers is apparent from the following figure.

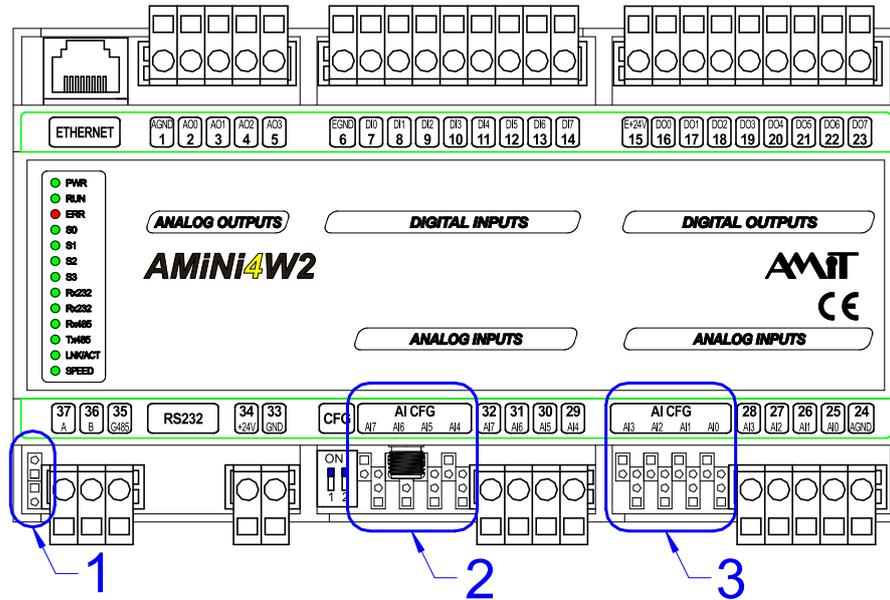


Fig. 34 - Configuration jumpers location

| Legend | Number | Meaning   |
|--------|--------|---|
|        | 1      | RS485 configuration jumpers                     |
|        | 2      | Configuration jumpers for inputs AI0.4 to AI0.7 |
|        | 3      | Configuration jumpers for inputs AI0.0 to AI0.3 |

## 9.2. SW configuration

AMiNi4W2/G control system is configured by:

- external utility,
- **DetStudio** environment.

The configuration procedure is described in the help file for the particular SW equipment.

### 9.3. Factory setting, jumpers

**Analogue inputs** All analogue inputs are set for range of 0 V to 10 V.

**RS 485 configuration** Jumpers, which activates line termination and idle state definition are fitted.

| <b>Ethernet</b> | <b>Parameter</b>   | <b>Default value</b> |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------|
|                 | Station IP address | 192.168.1.1          |
|                 | Network mask       | 255.255.255.0        |
|                 | Default gateway    | 0.0.0.0              |

| <b>Web server</b> | <b>Parameter</b>         | <b>Default value</b> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
|                   | Administrator login/pass | root/amit            |
|                   | Service login/pass       | service/amit         |
|                   | User login/pass          | user/amit            |

| <b>Parameter</b>     | <b>Default value</b> |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| FTP server – data    | 20                   |
| FTP server – control | 21                   |
| WEB server           | 80                   |

| <b>DB-Net/IP servers</b> | <b>Parameter</b> | <b>Default value</b> |
|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
|                          | UDP Port         | 59                   |
|                          | Password         | 0                    |

### 9.4. Restoring the factory setting

User can use this option in case of problems in communication with control system, for example, in case of control system with unknown IP address, problems in communication over Ethernet, etc.

To restore factory settings- turn OFF power supply, put HW configuration DIP switch n. 1 to position ON (see Fig. 33), turn power supply ON. It is necessary to wait, in this state, until the LED S3 is permanently lit for minimum of 15 s. Then disconnect power supply, switch the DIP switch n. 1 backwards to position OFF, and reconnect power supply. S3 LED will blink with cca 1 s. period. Factory settings are restored.

## 10. Mounting

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**AMiNi4W2/G** control system is intended for DIN 35 mm rail mounting. Control system can be mounted in horizontal and vertical position.

### 10.1. Installation rules

---

**EMC filter** EMC filter is used on power supply input. Based on environment nature, power source properties and wiring layout this requirement can be revised.

**Connecting to PE** Connect the negative supplying terminal of control system (GND) to the switchboard PE terminal.

**Digital I/O** Connect the negative terminal of all inputs and outputs to the switchboard PE terminal.

The separate supplying section is recommended.

Accomplish the connection with PE on the switchboard inlet.

Use the shielded wires for longer distance lead wires and in higher level disturbance environment. Connect the shielding to the PE terminal just on switchboard input.

If the wires are led outside the building, the appropriate inputs and outputs needs to be overvoltage protected.

**Analogue inputs** Use the shielded signal cables for wiring. Connect the cable shielding to the PE terminal just on switchboard input.

If the wires are led outside the building, the appropriate inputs and outputs needs to be overvoltage protected.

**Analogue outputs** When connecting the power source for analogue drives, be particular that power circuit does not close itself through control system analogue ground.

Use the shielded signal cables for wiring. Connect the cable shielding to the PE terminal just on switchboard input.

If the wires are led outside the building, the appropriate inputs and outputs needs to be overvoltage protected.

**RS485 channel** It is necessary to perform connecting of RS485 line according to recommendations presented in Application Note – AP0016 – *Principles of using RS485 interface*.

**Ethernet interface** Unshielded – patch cable can be used for service or when utilized within the switchboard frame.

In case of permanent use outside the switchboard frame, it is necessary to perform connecting of Ethernet line according to recommendations presented in Application Note – AP0037 – *Principles of using Ethernet network*.

*Note:* All connections to PE terminal must be realized with as low as possible impedance. Technical parameters of unit are guaranteed only when these wiring rules are applied.

## 11. Ordering information and completion

|                       |                    |  |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>Control system</b> | <b>AMiNi4W2/G</b>  | Complete, see the chapter 11.1. Completion                 |
| <b>Others</b>         | <b>GSM-ANT-U1S</b> | Thin-rod angle antenna, 1 dB, without cable, SMA connector |
|                       | <b>GSM-ANT-M5S</b> | Magnetic antenna, 5 dB, 3 m cable, SMA connector           |
|                       | <b>GSM-ANT-L2S</b> | Self-adhesive antenna, 2.5 dB, 3 m cable, SMA connector    |

### 11.1. Completion

| <b>AMiNi4W2/G</b> | <b>Part</b>          | <b>Quantity</b> |
|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
|                   | Control system       | 1               |
|                   | WAGO 231-309/102-000 | 2               |
|                   | WAGO 231-305/102-000 | 2               |
|                   | WAGO 231-304/102-000 | 1               |
|                   | WAGO 231-303/102-000 | 1               |
|                   | WAGO 231-302/102-000 | 1               |
|                   | Operation manual     | 1               |

## 12. Maintenance

---

The control system does not require any regular inspection or service, except checking of reference voltage setting as well as voltage of backup accumulator.

**Reference voltage source** The reference voltage 5.0 V DC for A/D converter is set by manufacturer with 1 mV precision. For voltage inspection should be used a sufficiently precise measuring instrument!

**Inspection must be carried out once every five years.**

**Backup battery** For program and parameters backup in the RAM memory the backup battery is used. Its nominal voltage is 3.0 V DC; nominal capacity is 1 Ah. If battery voltage drops under 2.7 V DC, then it is considered to be discharged. When it happens, it is necessary to change it.

**Inspection must be carried out once every five years.**

With reference to manufacturer, the assumed battery lifetime is 10 years.

**Cleaning** Time after time with regard to way of device usage, it is necessary to remove dust from inside electronics. The equipment can be cleaned by dry soft brush or vacuum cleaner, only when turned-off and disassembled.

**Note:** The maintenance mentioned above can be performed by manufacturer or authorized service only!

## 13. Waste disposal

---

**Electronics disposal** The disposal of electronic equipment is subject to the regulations on handling electrical waste. The equipment must not be disposed off in common public waste. It must be delivered to places specified for that purpose and recycled.

**Battery disposal** The equipment contains a lithium battery. The battery is a dangerous waste. Therefore, it must be delivered to places specified for that purpose. Disposal of worn-out batteries and accumulators must not be in contrary to valid regulations.